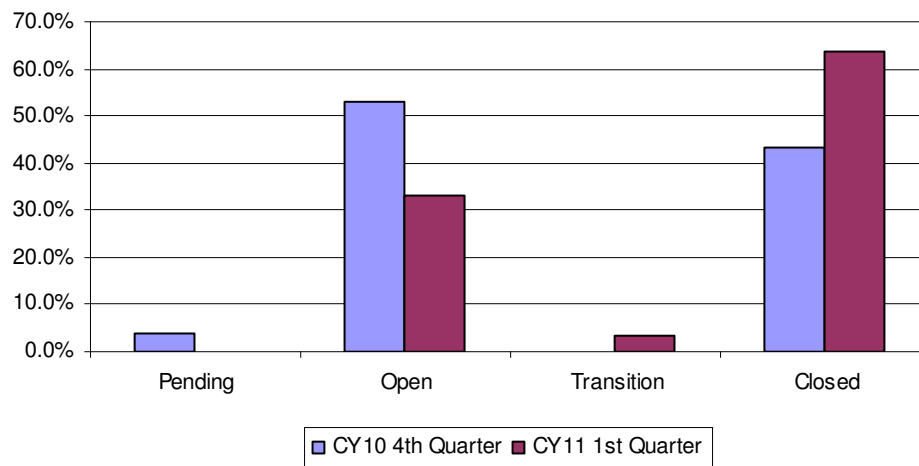


Rhode Island Family Care Community Partnerships CY10 4th Quarter and CY11 1st Quarter Data East Bay Partnership Meeting

I. Characteristics of Active Families

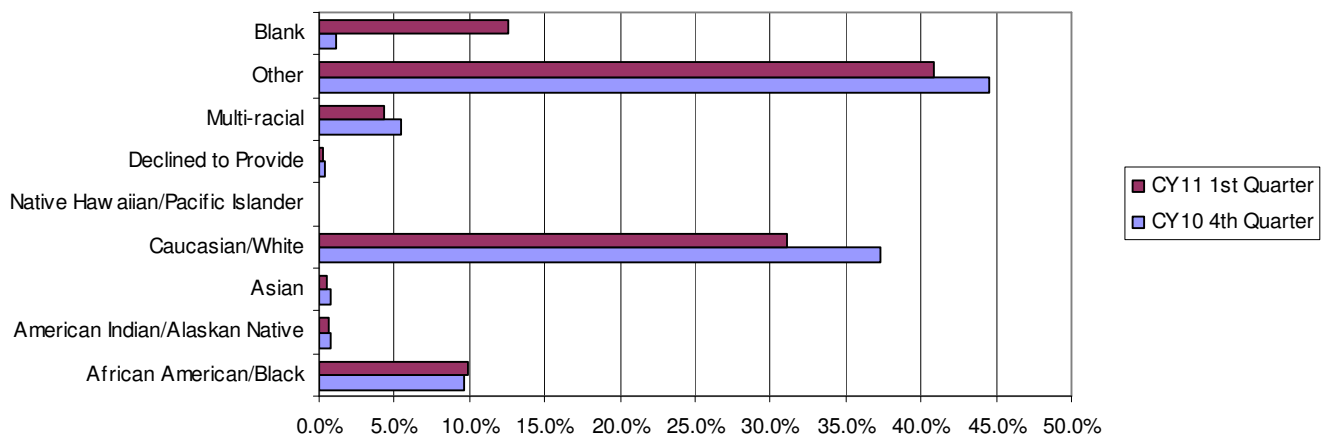
The Family Care Community Partnerships (FCCPs) had 1315 families active during the CY11 1st quarter (active defined as opened at least 1 day or greater during the quarter). Of those, East Bay served 118 families. All data displayed reflects CY10 4th quarter and CY11 1st quarter, unless noted.

Figure 1: Percentage of Families in East Bay FCCP by FCCP Disposition, CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter



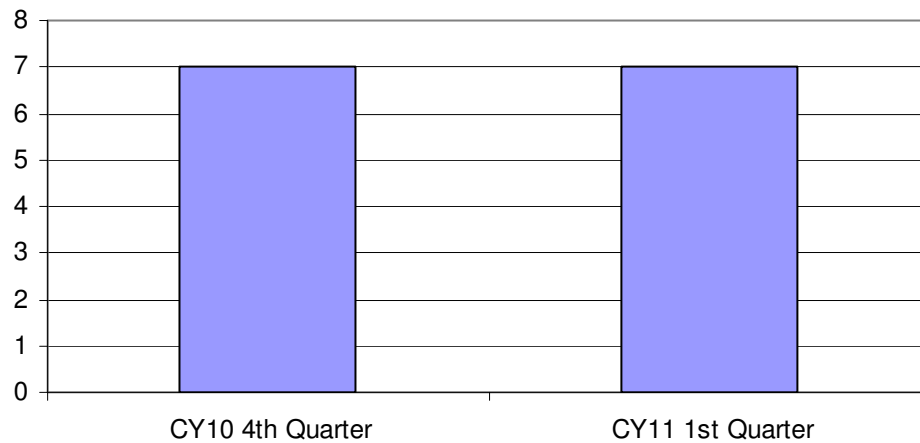
Data Source: RI Family Information System (RIFIS)

Figure 2: Race of Target Child in East Bay FCCP, CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter



Data Source: RIFIS

Figure 3: Median Age of Target Child in East Bay FCCP, CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter

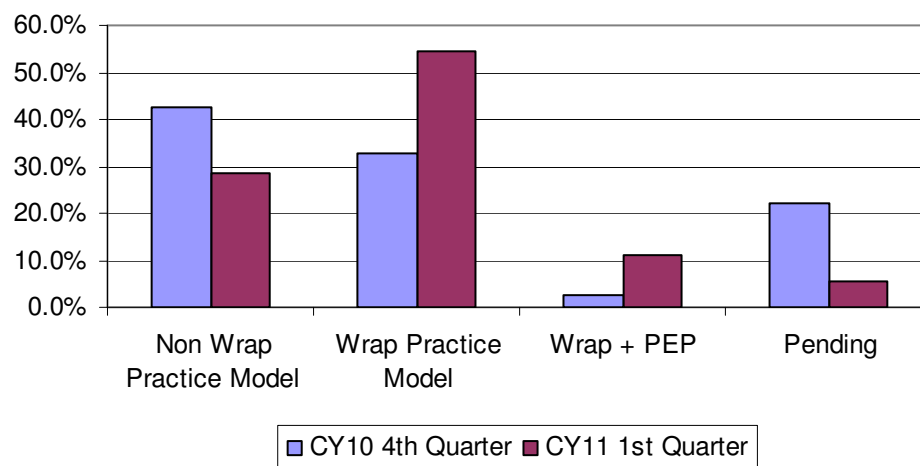


Data Source: RIFIS

II. Wrap versus Non Wrap Practice Model: Percentage of Families in Wrap by Quarter

The number of East Bay families in a Wrap Practice Model increased from 32.6% to 54.6%. The largest proportion of active families statewide experienced Non Wrap Practice model vs. Wrap Practice Model. However, the proportion of families in a Wrap Practice Model has increased since the inception of the FCCPs.

Figure 4: Percent of East Bay Families by Practice Model, CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter



Data Source: RIFIS

¹ PEP: Positive Educational Partnership

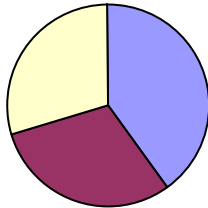
III. Eligibility Criteria

Figure 5 shows percentage of eligibility criteria by practice model. The largest percentage of children entering the FCCP is at risk for child abuse and neglect. Proportionally East Bay FCCP witnessed an increase in families experiencing Wrap whose eligibility criteria was reportedly at risk for child

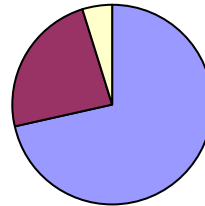
abuse/neglect from CY10 4th Qtr to CY11 1st Qtr. and a decrease in families with an eligibility of the Youth Development Center (RITS). The percentage of families in Non Wrap with eligibility criteria of risk for child abuse/neglect increased and a corresponding decrease in families with an eligibility of the Youth Development Center (RITS). Statewide, the proportion of risk for child abuse and neglect in Non Wrap increased from CY10 4th Qtr to CY 1st Qtr.

Figure 5: Percent of East Bay FCCP Families by Eligibility Criteria by Practice Model, CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter

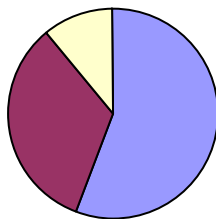
CY10 4th Quarter: Wrap



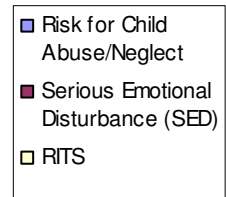
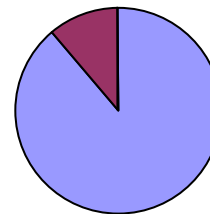
CY10 4th Quarter: Non Wrap



CY11 1st Quarter: Wrap



CY11 1st Quarter: Non Wrap



Data Source: RIFIS

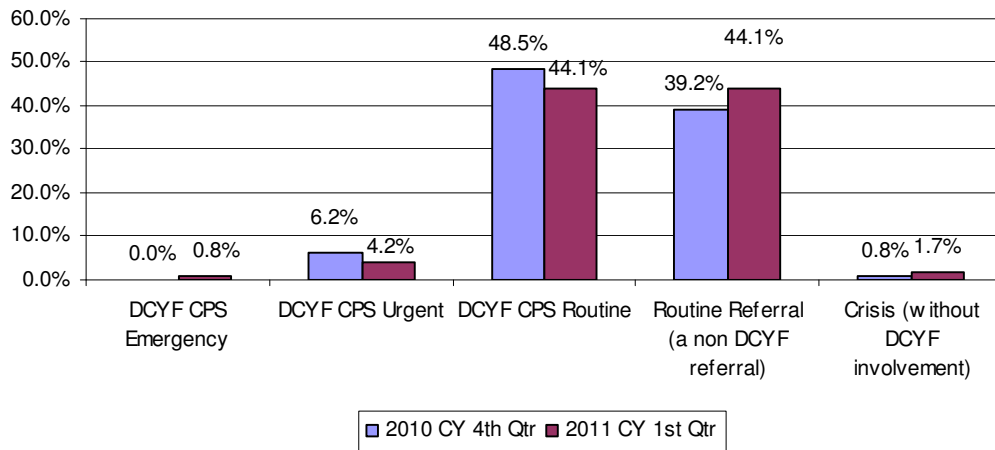
FCCP Intake 1A was completed during the quarter specified. The numbers are not mutually exclusive because the end user can check all that apply.

IV. Response Priority: Response severity among families and face-to-face contact time by Quarter

The greatest proportion of active families was classified as “routine” rather than emergency or urgent within response priority (response severity). This trend has been consistent across quarters since the FCCP inception.

Figure 6 shows the percentage of families broken down by their respective response priority/category at the time of intake.

Figure 6: Percent of East Bay FCCP Families by Response Priority, CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter

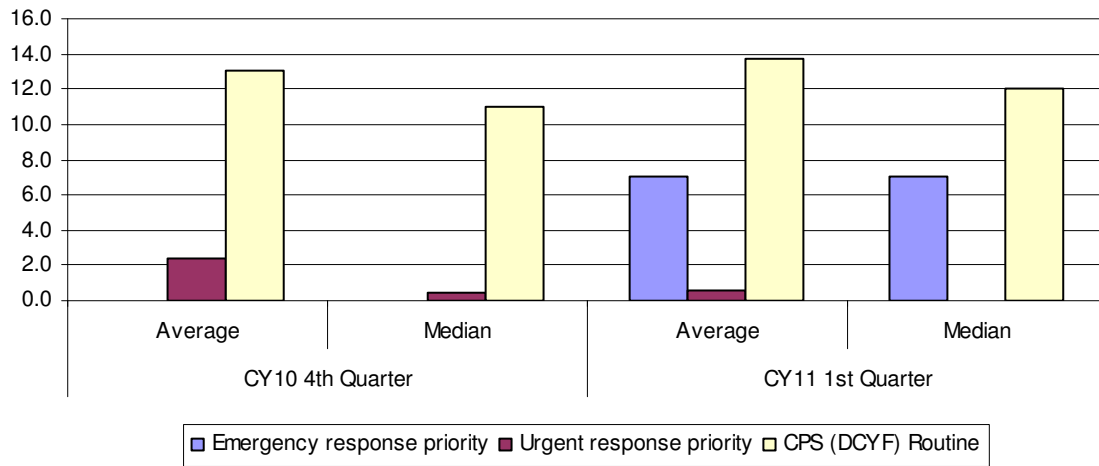


Data Source: RIFIS

Each of the 3 DCYF severity-level response categories (Emergency, Urgent, and Routine) has a corresponding first face-to-face contact response time as defined in the FCCP Practice Standards.

Figure 7 displays data on the adherence to the FCCP standards for FCCP response time to make face-to-face with the family given their respective response priority is outlined below. The median response time for the first face-to-face contact decreased in CY11 1st Qtr for families with a response DCYF CPS routine response priority as did the DCYF CPS urgent response priority category.

Figure 7: Average & median length of time (days) to first face to face contact with family in East Bay FCCP by response priority, CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter



Data Source: RIFIS

V. Median and Average Length of Time in FCCP, by State and East Bay FCCP

Table 1 displays data on the median and average length of time families who transitioned from the East Bay FCCP during CY11 1st Quarter. The data is based on date opened to the FCCP to FCCP close/transition.

Table 1: Median and Average Length of Time in the East Bay FCCP CY11 1st Quarter

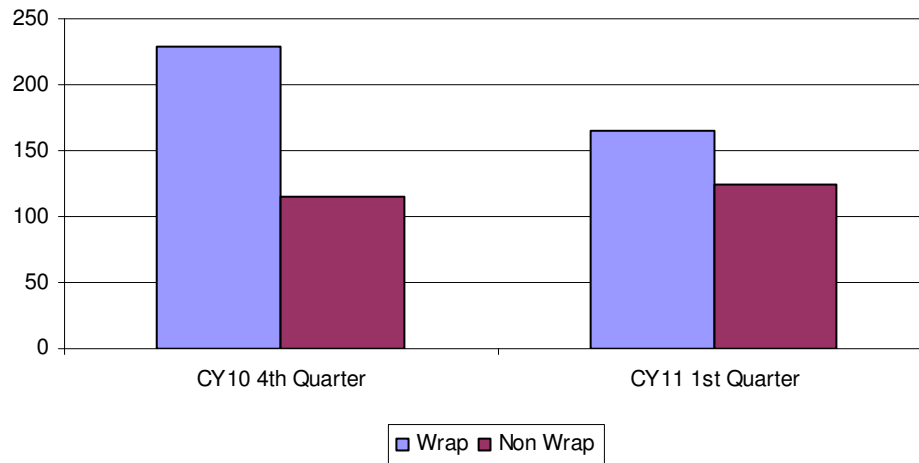
	East Bay (N=75)
Median:	129.0
Average:	149.9

Data Source: RIFIS. Based on number of closed cases during CY11 1st Quarter. The median length of time in this table is lower than the median length of time in figure 8 because children whose practice model was set to “pending” are included.

VI. Length of Time in Practice Model by Quarter

The data compares the length of time a family is in their respective Practice Model (among closed families). The median length of time has decreased among Wrap families from 229 to 166 days. Among Non Wrap families, the time has increased from 115 to 125 days.

Figure 8: Median Length of Time in Practice Model (in days) in East Bay FCCP, CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter



Data Source: RIFIS

Based on number of closed cases during CY10 4th Quarter CY11 1st Quarter and does not include children whose practice model was set to “pending.”

VII. FCCP Referral Source and Wrap Vs Non Wrap Practice Model by Quarter

The following data informs whether families referred by DCYF to the FCCP experience different practice model approaches compared to those families not directly referred by DCYF. In EB FCCP, the gap remained consistently larger between Wrap and Non Wrap for those referred through DCYF Indicated Investigations as compared to the Wrap and Non Wrap gaps amongst the other referral sources. This trend was observed on the aggregated FCCP state level data.

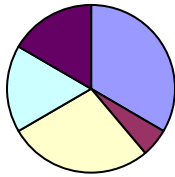
Table 2: Percent of Top 5 East Bay FCCP Referral Sources by Practice Model, CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter

	CY10 4 th Quarter		CY11 1 st Quarter	
	Wrap	Non Wrap	Wrap	Non Wrap
DCYF: Indicated Investigation	16.7%	69.7%	30.6%	89.3%
DCYF: CPI Request for Services	16.7%	9.1%	11.1%	0.0%
DCYF: Intake ISR	0.0%	3.0%	5.6%	0.0%
School	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	3.6%
Self Referral	27.8%	15.2%	25.0%	7.1%

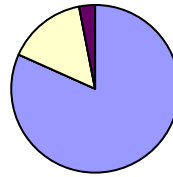
Data Source: RIFIS

**Figure 9: Percent of East Bay FCCP Referral Sources Referral Source by Practice Model
CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter**

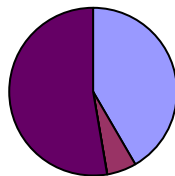
CY10 4th Qtr: Wrap



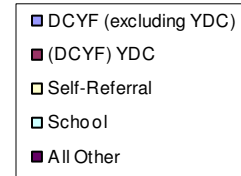
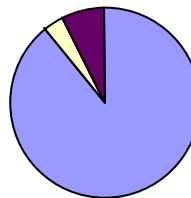
CY10 4th Qtr: Non Wrap



CY11 1st Qtr: Wrap



CY11 1st Qtr: Non Wrap



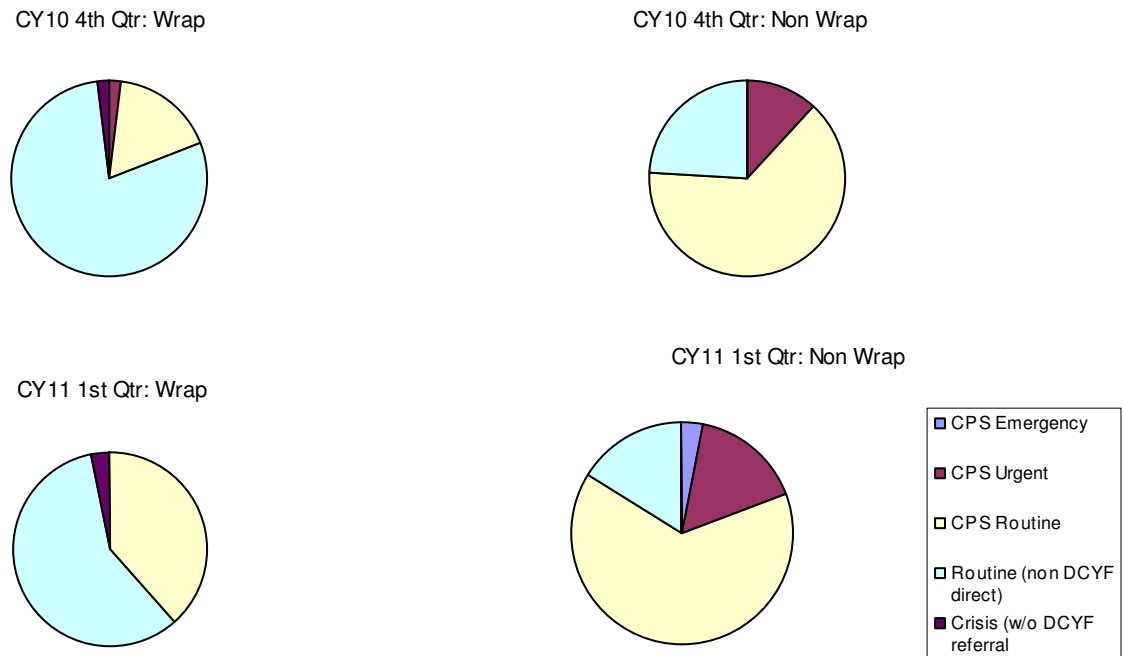
Data Source; RIFIS

³ All other: the remaining 19 referral sources combined as each of these 19 sources have very low percentages. These categories are collected separately and combined for this table only.

VIII. Families in Wrap vs. Non Wrap and their corresponding response priority by Quarter

The data is to help inform whether families with different response priorities receive different Practice Models (Wrap Practice vs. Non Wrap). The data in Figure 10 illustrate a higher proportion of families who are “routine” and not directly referred by DCYF are in Wrap compared to families with a response “CPS routine (DCYF)”. There was an increase in East Bay FCCP families with CPS routine response priority experiencing Wrap from CY10 4th quarter to CY11 1st quarter.

Figure 10: Percent of Response Priority by Practice Model



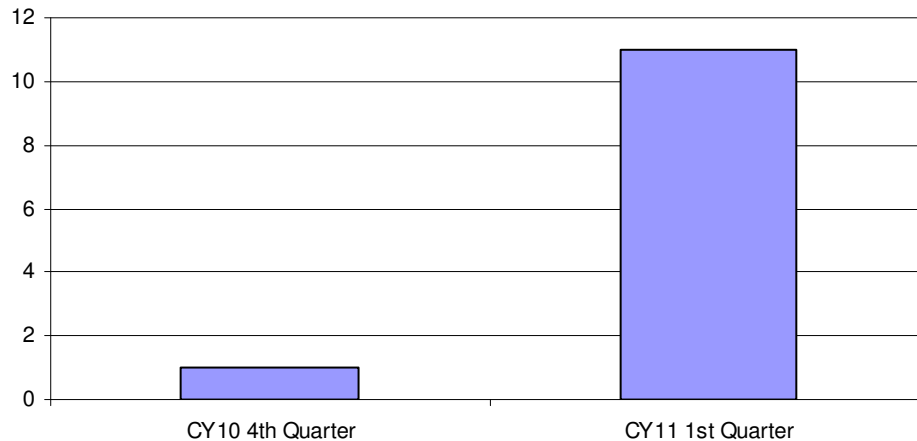
Data Source: RIFIS

*Total will not equal 100% (excluded “pending” “blank”)

IX. Number of Wrap team meeting occurrences by Quarter

Figure 11 shows the number of Wrap Team Meetings among Wrap families. Although Wrap team meeting occurrences continue to be reportedly low, the number of Wrap meetings in East Bay increased over the two quarters as did the number of families in Wrap.

**Figure 11: Number of East Bay FCCP Wrap Team Meetings among Wrap Families
CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter**



Data Source: RIFIS

X. Outcomes

FCCP Close Reason – Differences by the Close Reason

To inform the exit reason outcomes, below is data on the FCCP close/transition reasons and if there are differences amongst the different referral sources. The EB close reasons for families closed during CY11 1st quarter (East Bay: N= 75) is presented in Tables 3-5 and Figure 12.

Table 3: Top 10 East Bay FCCP close reasons, CY11 1st Quarter

FCCP Close Reason	East Bay (N = 75)
FCCP Non Wrap completed	28.0%
Team agrees Wrap completed	24.0%
Family withdrew without notice	13.3%
Family declined service	8.0%
Unable to contact family	8.0%
Family withdrew with notice	5.3%
Target child opened to DCYF and remained in home	4.0%
Other	2.7%
Family moved out of area	2.7%
Target child opened to DCYF and removed from home	2.7%

Data Source: RIFIS. Based on the number of closed cases during CY11 1st Quarter

Table 4 presents data on the top close reasons by referral source categories for CY11 1st Quarter. Amongst families referred by DCYF, excluding the Youth Development Center (YDC), the percent of families where the team agrees the Wrap or non Wrap was completed was 25.7% and 54.3% respectively while 17.1% withdrew without notice.

Table 4: Percent of East Bay FCCP Top 5 close reasons by 4 referral source categories, CY 11 1st Quarter

FCCP Close Reason	DCYF	YDC (DCYF)	Self-Referral	Other
Family declined service	0.0%	25.0%	33.3%	21.4%
Family withdrew w/o notice	17.1%	25.0%	33.3%	10.5%
FCCP Non Wrap completed	54.3%	0.0%	0.0%	10.5%
Team agrees Wrap completed	25.7%	25.0%	0.0%	42.1%
Unable to reach family	2.9%	25.0%	33.3%	15.8%

Data Source: RIFIS. Based on the number of closed cases during CY11 1st Quarter

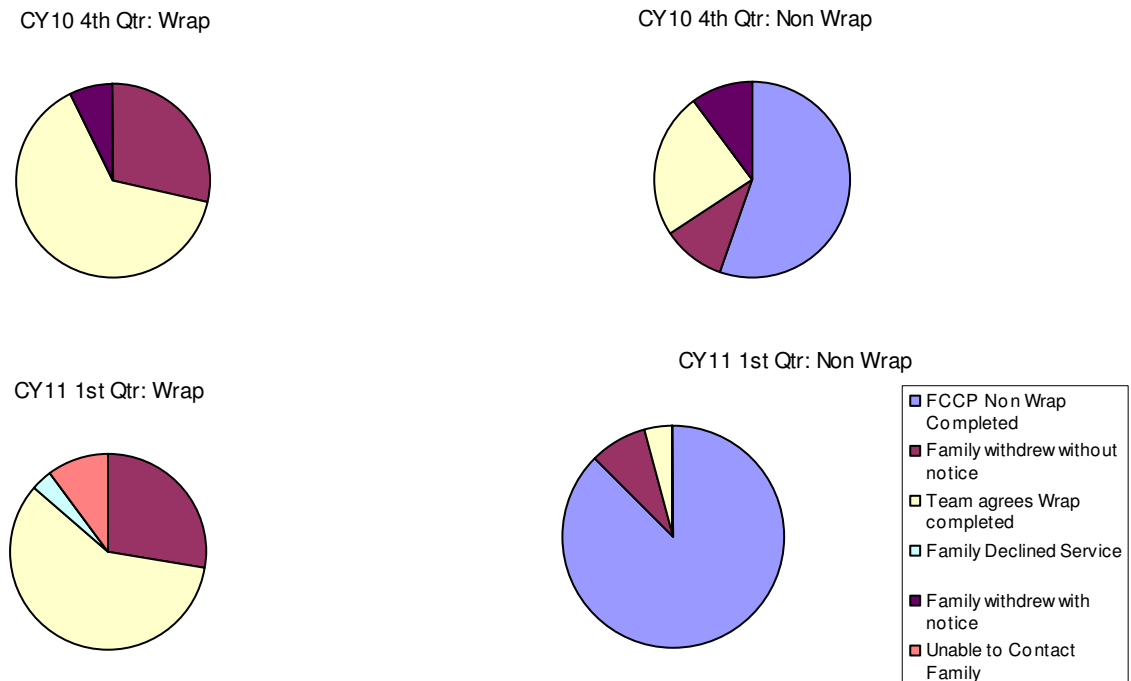
Table 5 presents data on cases with a close reason reportedly as “opened to DCYF”. The percent slightly increased in CY11 1st Qtr from CY10 4th Qtr.

Table 5: Percent of East Bay FCCP families with Close Reason reported as “Opened to DCYF”, CY10 4th Quarter & CY11 1st Quarter

	DCYF Referred to FCCP	
	CY10 4th Quarter	CY11 1st Quarter
Child opened to DCYF	5.4%	6.7%

Data Source: RIFIS. Based on the number of closed cases during CY10 4th Quarter and CY11 1st Quarter

Figure 12: Percent of East Bay FCCP Top 5 close reasons by practice model, CY10 4th Quarter and CY11 1st Quarter



Data Source: RIFIS. “Unable to Contact Family” was added as a response choice in CY11 1st quarter.

XI. Functional Assessments

In addition to reasons for the family transition or closing as an outcome measure, functional assessments such as the North Carolina Family Assessment, among others, inform as to whether the family has made family functional improvement as it relates to the practice model approach.

The completion of the NCFAS is low and is consistent with the trends observed since the inception of the FCCPs. Approximately 30% of the 352 children who closed/transitioned in CY11 1st quarter and were open for greater than 30 days had a baseline and transition NCFAS. The low numbers create barriers for analysis.

The FCCP standards provide 30 days for the NCFAS baseline completion.

Table 5: Average Number of days for NCFAS completion by Region, CY10 4th and CY11 1st Quarters

	CY10 4 th & CY11 1 st Qtrs
Average number of days to complete NCFAS baseline	25.7

Data Source: RIFIS